S11MD5V

Mini-flat Type Phototriac Coupler

❋ Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (**S11MD5VI/S11MD5VP**)
❋ TÜV (VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

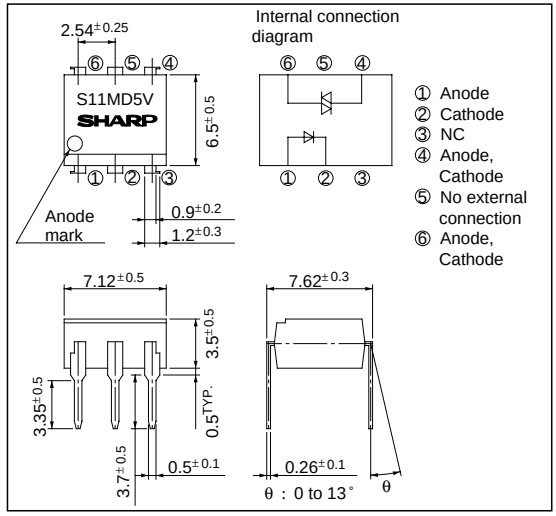
1. Isolation voltage between input and output
   V_{iso} : 5 000V_{rms}
2. High critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage
   (dV/dt : MIN. 100V/μs)
3. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380
   (S11MD5V/S11MD5VI)

❋ **S11MD5V** is for 100V line

■ Applications

1. For triggering medium/high power triac

■ Outline Dimensions (Unit : mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
Output	RMS ON-state current	I_T	100	mA_{rms}
	*1 Peak one cycle surge current	I_{surge}	1.2	A
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V_{DRM}	400	V
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5 000	V_{rms}
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-30 to +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 to +125	°C
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Sine wave *2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute
*3 For 10 seconds

■ Electro-optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	I_F = 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current	I_R	V_R = 3V	-	-	10^{-5}	A
Output	Repetitive peak OFF-state current	I_{DRM}	V_{DRM} = Rated	-	-	10^{-6}	A
	ON-state voltage	V_T	I_T = 100mA	-	1.3	2.0	V
	Holding current	I_H	V_D = 6V	0.1	1	3.5	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage	dV/dt	V_{DRM} = 1/√2 Rated	100	-	-	V/μs
Transfer characteristics	Minimum trigger current	I_{FT}	V_D = 6V, R_L = 100Ω	-	-	10	mA
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10^{10}	10^{11}	-	Ω
	Turn-on time	t_{on}	V_D = 6V, I_F = 20mA, R_L = 100Ω	-	80	200	μs

Fig. 1 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

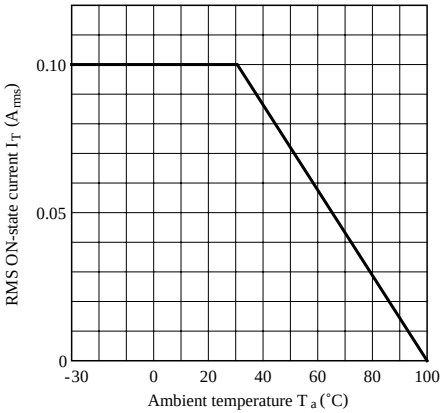


Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

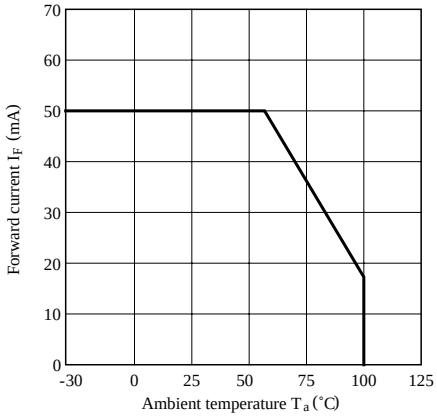


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

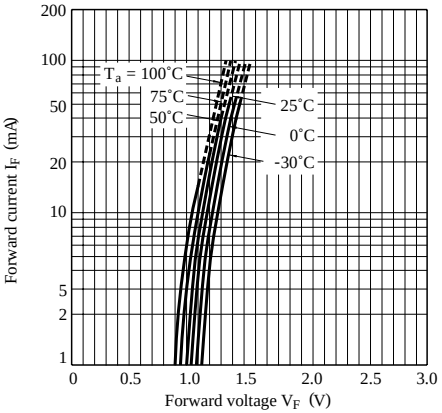


Fig. 4 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature

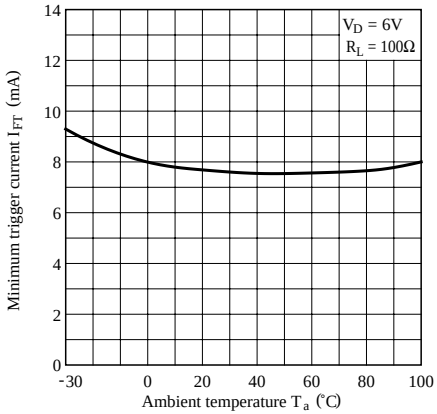


Fig. 5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

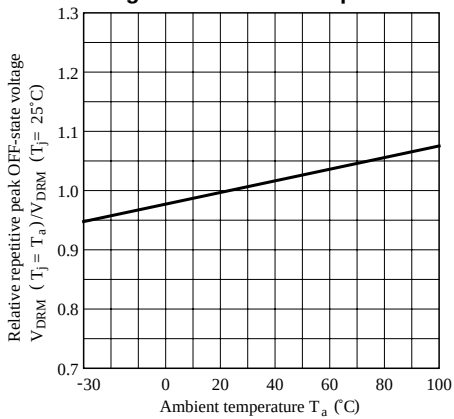


Fig. 6 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

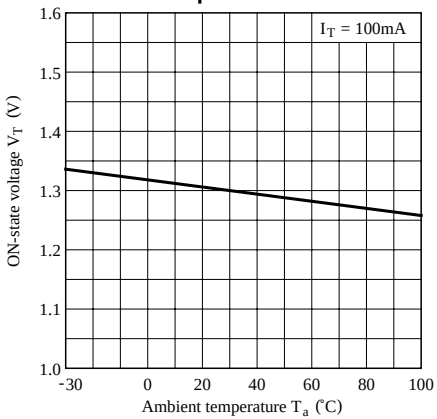


Fig. 7 Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature

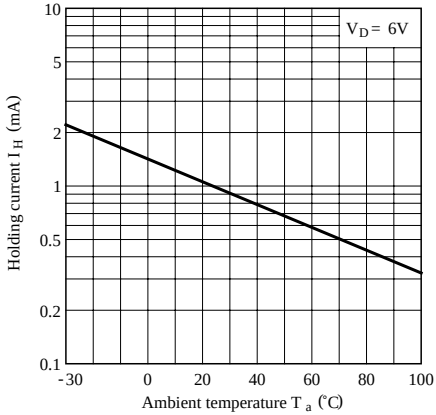


Fig. 8 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage

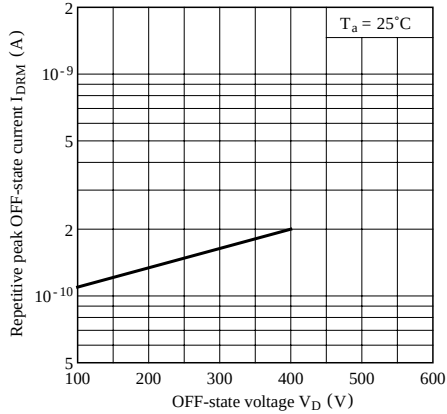


Fig. 9 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient temperature

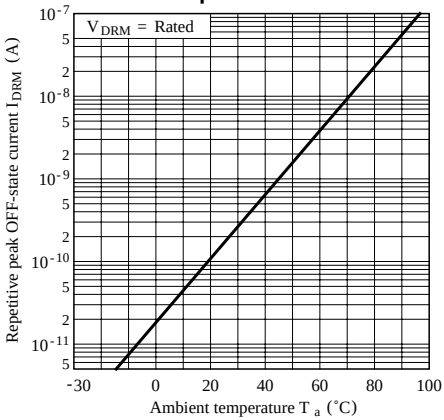


Fig.10 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current

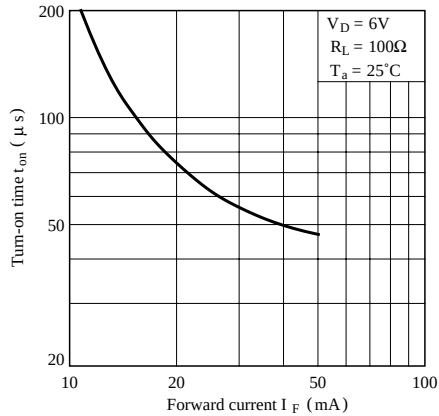
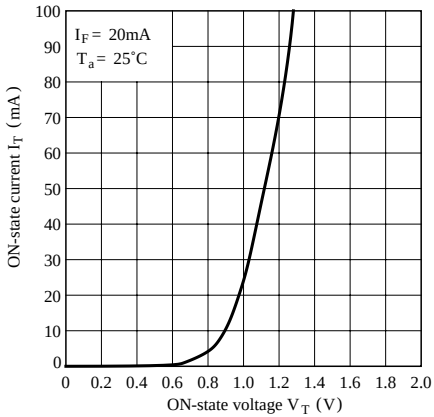
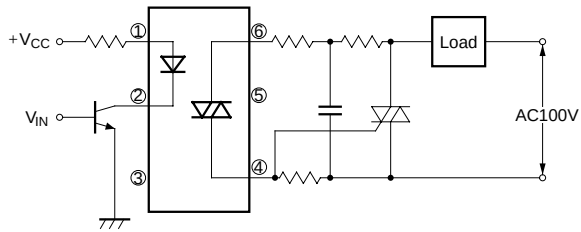


Fig.11 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage



■ Basic Operation Circuit

Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit



Note) Please use on condition of the triac for power triggers.

- Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use." (Page 78 to 93).